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CRITERIA 3 RESEARCH, INNOVATIONS AND EXTENSION

3.3.2 Number of books and chapters in edited volumes/books published and papers published in national/international conference proceedings per teacher during last five year

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2017-2018

Sl.		Name of the
No.	Title of the book/chapters published	teacher
	Sociogenomic variations of four populations of south India	Dr. Swapna Merlin
1.	with reference to butyrylcholinesterase activity	David
	Influence of heavy metal pollution on the antioxidant enzyme	Asha Raj, M.L.
	activity in Anabas testudineus collected from Periyar river at	Joseph
	ernakulam district and the recovery responses in pollution free	_
2.	water	
	Fun is the Future a collection of compelling gamification	Manu Melwin Joy
3.	success stories	
	Molecular Detection of Vechur cow, the conserved breed of	Mohankumar
4.	Bos indicus from Kerala	Chinnamma,
		Mohankumar
5.	Mainstreaming Biodiversity for Sustainable Development	Chinnamma
	Organizational behavior - A study on the impact of high	
	commitment work systems organizational citizenship	
6.	behavior	Manu Melwin Joy
	A study on the impact of high commitment work systems	
7.		Manu Melwin Joy
8.	Analysis of trends of banking in Nifty Bank index using ROC and ros	VS BINU
		Dr Vinosi Peter

Dr. G. SASHI KUMAR
PRINCIPAL
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SCMS SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT

Swapna Merlin David- Sociogenomic variations of four populations of south India with reference to butyrylcholinesterase activity.(ISBN 81-86366-93-98)

29th Kerala Science Congress 2017

02-13

SOCIOGENOMIC VARIATIONS OF FOUR POPULATIONS OF SOUTH INDIA WITH REFERENCE TO BUTYRYLCHOLINESTERASE ACTIVITY

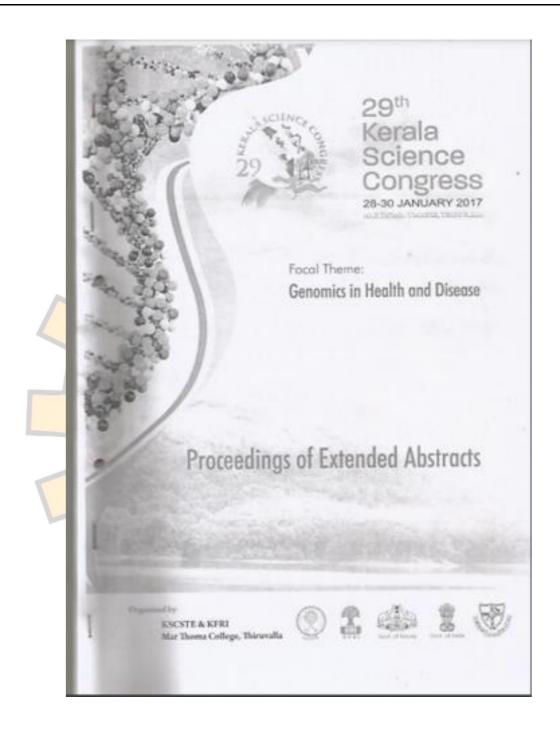
Swapna Merlin David^{1,2}, S. Lalitha^{1,3}, R. Boopathy¹ and C. Mohankumar²

¹Department of Biotechnology, Bharathiar University, Coimbuture, Tamil Nadu; ²Molecular Biology Division, SCMS School of Technology and Management, Cochin, Kerala ³Neuro Stem Cell Biology Lab, Rajiv Gaedhi Centre for Biotechnology, Trivandrum, Kerala

Introduction

Butyry/cholinesterase (BChE; E.C. 3.1.1.8) enzyme was known for a century but its mical interest becomes evident only after the World War II. The enzyme is of pharmacological and toxicological importance, as it hydrolyses ester-containing drugs and scavenges abilitiesterase inhibitors. Also, it is implicated in the metabolism of local anaesthetics such as sociate, proceine and in the hydrolysis of short-acting muscle relevant succinylcholine and association. The enzyme is also involved in several human pathophysiological conditions such es cancers, hepatic disorders, neuronal disceders etc. and hence used as a diagnostic marker mitein. Individuals experiencing prolonged apnea after a normal dose of any of the ester ministring drugs are suspected with genetic variants of BChE. In most of such cases, several IRChE variants with abnormal BChE protein and lowered activity were evident in different populations. In an Indian origin ethnic community called Vysya, such a BChE variant with a point mutation (T920C) in exon2 of BCHE gene, aftering the amino acid leucine to proline at 307 ponition (L307P) of BChf: enzyme was identified with neither protein nor enzyme activity in summ. Genotyping analysis showed that T920C mutant allele of BCHE gene has high frequency among the Vysya population of India. Based on this scenario, the aim of this study was to evaluate the distribution of BChE in different populations of South India. Depending on their social and professional background, we have selected three different populations named Goundar (Tamil Nadu), Mudaliar (Tamil Nadu) and Nair (Kerala) and compared with Vysya (Andhra) pripulation.

Asha Raj, M.L. Joseph- Influence of heavy metal pollution on the antioxidant enzyme activity in Anabas testudineus collected from Periyar river at ernakulam district and the recovery responses in pollution free (ISBN 81-86366-93-98)



INFLUENCE OF HEAVY METAL POLLUTION ON THE ANTIOXIDANT ENZYME ACTIVITY IN ANABAS TESTUDINEUS COLLECTED FROM PERIYAR RIVER AT ERNAKULAM DISTRICT AND THE RECOVERY RESPONSES IN POLLUTION FREE WATER.

Asha Raj KR and Joseph M.L.

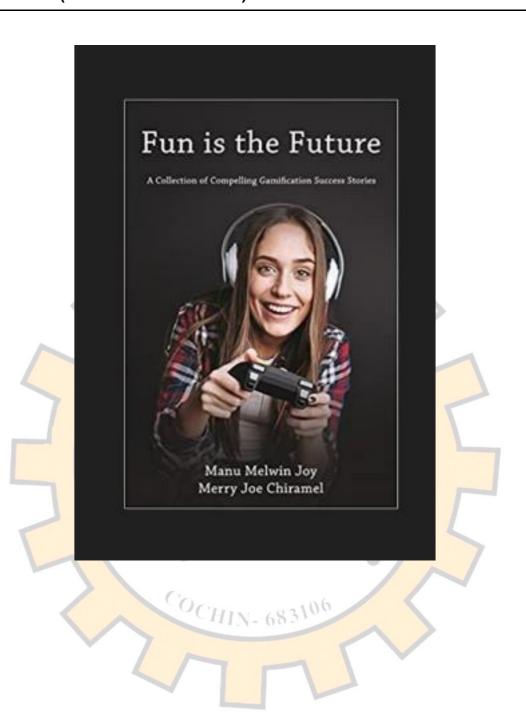
Department of Zoology, St. Albert's College, Ernakularn, Kochi, Kerala, India.

Extended abstract

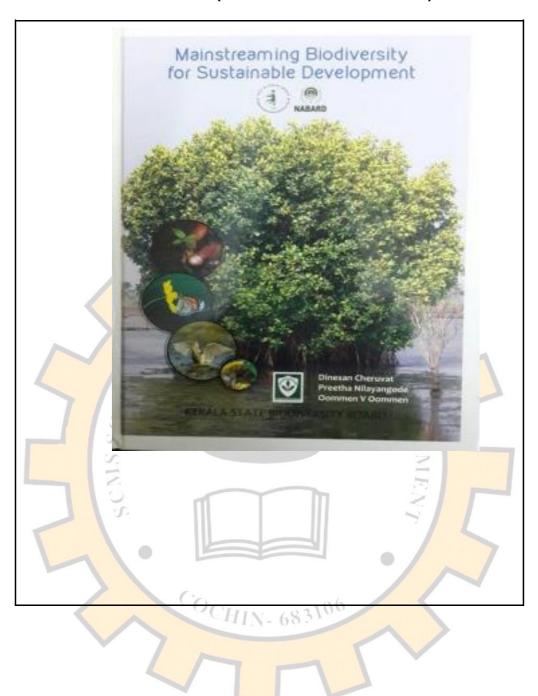
Periyar is the carter of booming city of Kochi, one of the most urbanized and industrialised region of Kerala, it receives both urban and industrial waste in an alarming rate. Heavy metal (lead, nickel, zinc, arsenic and cadmium) pollution status in water, sediment and the corresponding bioaccumulation in biomass of Anabar testudowus from two different stations of Periyar river at Emakulam district (Station 1- Eloor Industrial area, Station II- Irumbanam, Emakulam) during three seasons (Premonsoon, Monsoon and Postmonsoon)of two year period(2012- 2014) was analysed. The antioxidant enzyme activity (Viz., Catalase (CAT), Superoxide dismutase (SOO) and Glutathione peroxidase (GPx)) in liver, gills and muscle was also estimated. The recovery responses were studied in fishes kept in aquaria maintained at controlled laboratory conditions for 30 days.

A stagnant water body free from urban and industrial influence at Cherthala, Alappuzha alistrict was selected as reference station. The sumples for the heavy metal analysis were processed according to the method suggested by APHA (1995) and analysed using the Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectroscope in Sophisticated Test and Instrumentation Centre, Cochin University of Science and Technology, Kochi, Kerala. The antioxidant enzyme activity like CAT, SOD and GPx in the organs were analysed by the method suggested by Sinha (1972); Das et al (2000); Rotruck (1973) respectively.

Manu Melwin Joy- Fun is the Future a collection of compelling gamification success stories (ISBN 978-1-61813-874-3)



Mohankumar Chinnamma, Anisha Shashidharan and Salini Bhasker-Molecular Detection of Vechur cow, the conserved breed of Bos indicus from Kerala (ISBN No:978-81-934231-1-0)



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MOLECULAR DETECTION OF VECHUR COW, THE CONSERVED BREED OF BOS INDICUS FROM KERALA

S. Anisha¹⁷, Salini Bhasker² and C. Mohankumar²

Department of Plant Science, St. Albert's College, Ernakulam, PIN 682018 ²Molecular Biology Division, SCMS Institute of Bioscience & Biotechnology Research & Development, Cochin, PIN 682033 * Email: sanisha pillai@gmail.com

Cattle are an important part of the socio-agricultural system in India. At present India possesses the large st cattle population in the world with 40 registered in digenous breeds.Vechur cow is the only one from Kerala (NBAGR Accession No. INDIA_CATTLE_0900_ VECHUR_03030). Identification of breeds is based on conventional methods since molecular markers are not popular in India. The correct identification of the animal is of prime importance for conservation. Among the numerous proteins found in milk, Lactoferrin (Lf) is a unique whey protein owing to its multidimensional therapeutic and nutritional properties. In the case of Vechur cow, the Luctoferrin gene (BLfV) has already been amplified, cloned, sequenced and registered in NCBL Based on the SNPs and amino acid variations in BLfV, an attempt was made towards doing a restriction enzyme analysis for determining the recognition sites in BLfV with respect to the Lf of other cross breds (Bos taurus x Bos indicus, BLiBti). It was observed that the SNP at position 526, involving a change from T to C modifies the recognition site for Pvull present in the BLfBti sample. The Lf gene was amplified from the respective clones (BLfV-JF926526 & BLfBti- FJ589071) and purified. The gene was digested with Pvull restriction enzyme and the gel profiles compared. Comparison of the restriction profiles confirmed that the enzyme has only two cutting sites in BLfV but three in BLfBti. The consistent result from different samples highlights the specificity of the enzyme for detecting Vechurcows exclusively. Hence, this can be used as a molecular marker for identification of the breed.

Keywords: Indigenous breeds, Conservation, Vechur cows

INTRODUCTION:

Cattle, colloquially termed as cows form an important part of the socio-agriculture system. in India. Cows occupy 37% of the entire livestock population of the country. At present India possesses the largest cattle population in the world and is the largest producer of milk (146.31 million metric tonnes) (USDA). The cattle wealth of India is composed of valuable indigenous breeds (both descript and non-descript), several indicus x faurus cross breds and few taurus breeds well adapted to the Indian climatic conditions. Considerable variation s observed in the climatic conditions in different regions of India. This has led to the levelopment of various breeds in domestic animals including cattle. As per the National



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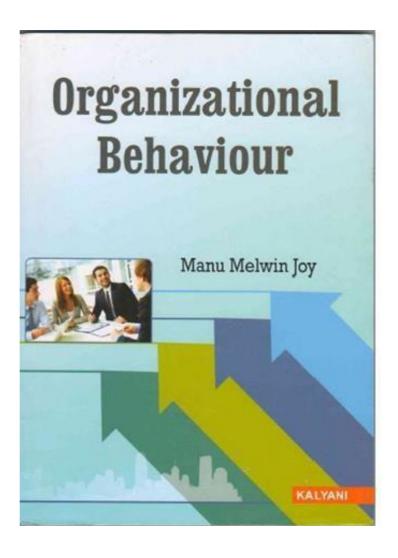
Manu Melwin Joy

Book/ Chapter/ Conference : Organizational behavior - A study on the impact of high commitment work systems organizational citizenship

behavior

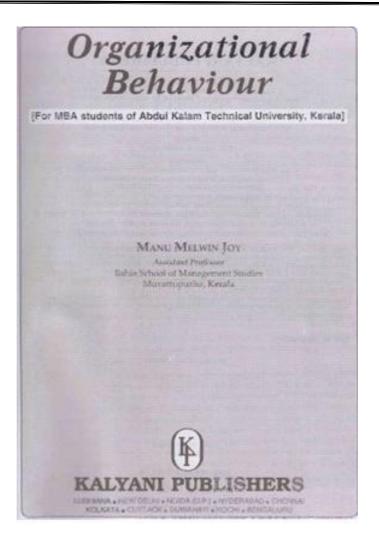
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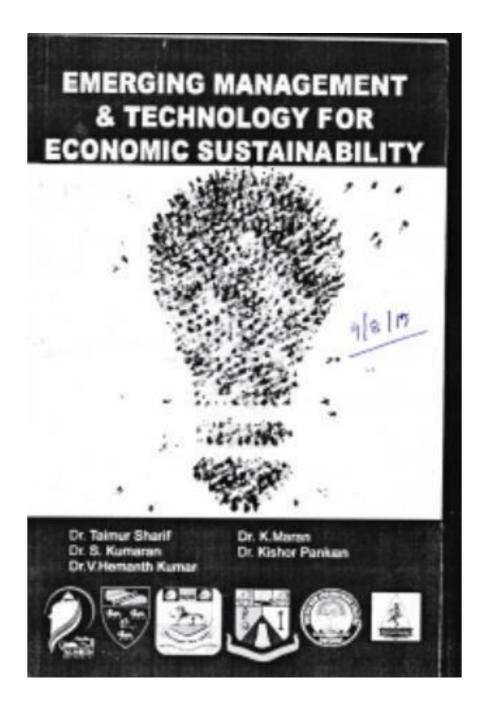
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ISBN No. : 978-93-5228-83 Publishers : Anuragam Found

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V.S. BINU

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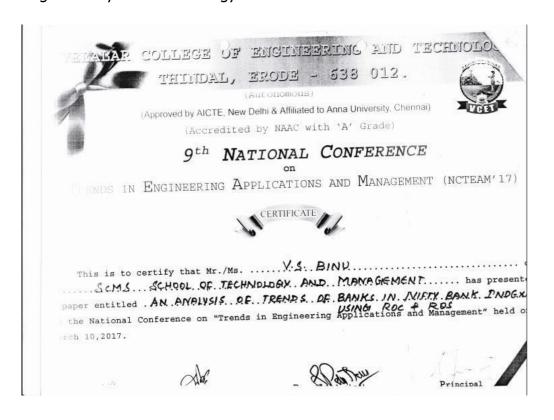
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Dr. Vinosi Peter

Book/ : National conference on trends in engineering applications

Chapter/ and management

Conference

Title : A study on key fincial performance

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